

White Paper

Fault Managed Power Systems (FMPS) for Next-Generation Broadband Infrastructure

Tii Technologies

Executive Summary

The telecommunications industry is entering a new era defined by densification, fiber expansion, and the rapid deployment of distributed edge infrastructure. As these networks expand, the challenge of delivering safe, scalable, and cost-effective power becomes increasingly critical.

Fault Managed Power Systems (FMPS), also referred to as **Class 4 power systems**, represent a fundamental shift in how electrical power is delivered and managed across broadband and telecom environments. Unlike conventional DC power distribution, FMPS continuously monitors circuit integrity and dynamically limits hazardous energy exposure, enabling long-distance power delivery with enhanced technician safety and operational flexibility.

This white paper outlines how FMPS technology enables broadband operators to extend power deeper into the network while reducing construction costs, improving safety, and supporting emerging applications such as FTTH, small cells, DSLAMs, and fixed wireless systems.

1. Introduction: The Power Problem in Modern Networks

Modern broadband networks are no longer centralized. Power must now reach:

- Fiber distribution hubs in remote or pole-mounted locations
- 5G and small cell deployments in dense urban environments
- DSLAMs and remote access nodes in suburban and rural extensions
- Edge computing and fixed wireless access points

Traditional power delivery methods introduce several constraints:

- High installation and permitting costs
- Safety risks associated with exposed conductors and fault currents

- Limited reach due to voltage drop and thermal constraints
- Dependence on new copper plant or costly electrical upgrades

These limitations create a bottleneck in network expansion—particularly in last-mile deployments.

2. What Is Fault Managed Power (Class 4 Power)?

Fault Managed Power Systems fundamentally differ from conventional electrical distribution.

Instead of relying solely on passive protection (breakers, fuses, and insulation), FMPS actively monitors and controls electrical behavior in real time.

Key characteristics include:

- Continuous monitoring of voltage, current, and impedance
- Rapid shutdown or energy limiting when anomalies are detected
- Controlled energy packets rather than uncontrolled fault currents
- Intelligent detection of line integrity and load behavior

This architecture allows power to be transmitted over longer distances using telecom-style infrastructure while maintaining a fundamentally safer operating envelope.

3. System Architecture Overview

A typical FMPS deployment consists of:

3.1 Power Source Unit

Generates and conditions electrical energy while embedding fault-monitoring intelligence.

3.2 Transmission Medium

Utilizes standard telecom cabling infrastructure, including:

- Existing copper plant where applicable
- Hybrid fiber-copper networks
- Composite telecom distribution systems

3.3 Remote Powered Device (RPD)

Receives controlled power delivery and converts it into usable local DC or regulated output for network equipment.

3.4 Continuous Monitoring Layer

Embedded intelligence continuously evaluates:

- Line integrity
 - Load behavior
 - Fault signatures
 - Environmental or physical disruptions
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4. Safety Advantage: Redefining Power Delivery Risk

One of the most significant advantages of FMPS is its inherent safety model.

Traditional DC power systems rely on high fault currents that can pose shock and arc hazards. FMPS systems, by design, limit energy exposure through:

- Fast fault detection and interruption
- Controlled energy delivery thresholds
- Reduced fault current availability
- Intelligent shutdown behavior before hazardous conditions develop

This enables a fundamentally safer field environment for technicians working on live networks.

5. Deployment Advantages for Broadband Operators

FMPS technology provides measurable operational and financial benefits:

5.1 Reduced Construction Costs

- Leverages existing telecom infrastructure
- Reduces need for new electrical plant construction
- Minimizes permitting and civil works requirements

5.2 Extended Reach

- Enables power delivery deeper into the network
- Supports remote broadband nodes without local utility dependency

5.3 Increased Network Density

- Facilitates deployment of small cells and edge nodes
- Supports fiber distribution expansion and densification strategies

5.4 Operational Efficiency

- Simplifies power architecture across mixed networks
 - Reduces maintenance complexity compared to traditional DC plants
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6. Application Areas

FMPS is particularly well-suited for modern broadband and telecom ecosystems, including:

- Fiber-to-the-Home (FTTH) distribution systems
- DSLAM and remote aggregation points
- 5G small cell infrastructure
- Fixed wireless access (FWA) deployments
- Edge compute and distributed network nodes
- Remote broadband cabinets and enclosures

These applications share a common requirement: reliable power delivery beyond traditional electrical reach.

7. Strategic Impact on Network Evolution

The adoption of FMPS enables a shift from centralized power architecture to distributed intelligence-powered networks.

This shift supports:

- Faster broadband rollout in underserved areas

- Reduced dependence on utility power availability
- Improved scalability for future network expansion
- Convergence of fiber, wireless, and edge compute infrastructure

For operators, FMPS is not just a power solution—it is an enabling layer for next-generation broadband architecture.

8. Conclusion

Fault Managed Power Systems represent a transformative approach to telecom power delivery. By integrating continuous monitoring, controlled energy transmission, and intrinsic safety mechanisms, FMPS enables broadband networks to expand further, deploy faster, and operate more safely than traditional power architectures allow.

As networks continue evolving toward distributed edge intelligence and ultra-dense connectivity, FMPS will play a critical role in enabling scalable, cost-efficient infrastructure growth.

About Tii Technologies

Tii Technologies is a leading designer and manufacturer of advanced telecommunications infrastructure solutions, specializing in fiber distribution, network enclosures, and next-generation power systems that support the evolving broadband ecosystem.